Eastern and Middle States

GREAT damage to property has been done along the At antic coast by the recent severe storm. The New Jersey and Long Island c ast suffered heavily. Vessels were driven ashore. piers washed away, and buildings at the summer resort; were carried out to sea. The damage at Coney Island, Long Branch and Atlantic City alone will aggregate more than \$300,000. Boarding houses, stores, dwellings, bath houses, and other buildings at Atlantic City were washed away and carried to sea. The whole amount of damage done along the Atlantic con tit is believed will aggregate more than \$1,000,000.

SMALLPOX has been rapidly spreading at Girardville, Penn., and the public schools have been closed.

GOVERNOR WALLER in his annual message to the Connecticut legis'ature disapproves of biennial ressions. The State debt is \$4,272,-

Some twenty men were shoveling snow in a deep raircal out near Brinton, Penn., when they were run into by a train, two of their number instantly killed, a third fatally injured and four others badly hurt.

Two colossal mortgages have just been re-corded. The Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia Rai'road company has mortgaged its property to a Philadelphia trust company for \$25,000,000, and the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad company to a New York trust company for \$50,000,000.

At a meeting of the joint executive committee of the trunk line railroads and their Western connections, held in New York, the East-boun I rates were restored.

JOHN SHEA, a weaver, working in a mill near Providence, R. L. cut his wife's throat and then killed himself in the same manner. CARDINAL MCCLOSKEY, the head of the Catholic church in America, received many congratulations and presents from prominent Catholies in New York and other places on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of his entry into the priesthood.

JAMES KEENAN, one of three brothers who kept the largest hotel at Greensburg, Penn., committed suicide because a pretty young widow who boarded in the hotel married his older brother.

Two large New York grain commission firms have suspended with heavy liabilities, owing to the recent sudden decline in wheat. A FIRE on the East side of New York destroyed three large warehouses, causing a loss of about \$300,000.

THE boly of Charles Delmonico, the best known of New York restaurant keepers, was found in the woods near Orange, N. J. About ten days previously Mr. Delmonico, who had been suffering for some time from a nervous disorder, had gone out for a walk, and that was the last seen of him alive. While in a dazed condition he had taken a train for Newark, wandered off to a lovely spot and succumbed to exposure. The Delmonico family were the most noted restaurant keepers in the country, and Charles was the last of that name in the business. He ran four large and fashionable restaurants, and left a large fortune.

A Japanese wrestler imported to this country for the express purpose of defeating the American champions, was easily thrown by Edwin Bibby at a match in New York. A WORKMAN named Posey was blown to atoms by the explosion of a powder mill near Lebanon, Penn.

In view of the prohibition of American pork by Germany and France the Boston Produce exchange adopted resolutions requesting Massachusetts Senators and Repretentatives in Congress to urge the passage of a retaliatory bill restricting or prohibiting the importation from those countries of

South and West.

GOVERNOR McLand's inauguration at Annapolis, Md., was of a simple character, and the inaugural address to the legislature was conspicuous for its brevity.

FLAMES destroyed the cooper shops and boiler shops of the Minnesota State penitentiary at Stillwater, causing a damage of

E. D. ATCHISON, a desperate character imprisoned in the Monter y (Va.) ja l for stabbing a man, was taken from confinement by numerous houses barne l. a crowd, hanged and then riddled with bul-

An entire family of negroes-William MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC burned to death on a plantation in Lenoir county, N. C.

In Walker county, Ala., on the Georgia Pacific railroad, a drunken negro shot and killed a railroad contractor named Pope. The colored railroad hands at once hanged the murderer to the nearest tree. M. WATERMAN & Co., San Francisco, grain

dealers, have failed for about \$1,500,000. N. M., without provecation fired into a gang York. of nine Mexican laborers, killing four of

MILLIONS of bushels of wheat were thrown London on the Chicago market, and the result was a big drop in prices.

STEPHEN RICHARDS was hanged at Au- three years. burn, Cal., for the murder of Thomas Nichols, and treated the matter coolly, mounting the scaffold while smoking a cigar; John Jarvis York theatre. suffered a similar penalty on the same day at Princess Anne Court House, Va., for murdering Claudius W. Bonney, and at Barnwell Court House, S. C., Isaac Anderson colored) was swung into eternity for the murder of a white man named Williams. "JERRY" ALEXANDER (colored) was hanged at Sparta, Ga., for the murder of

Samuel Fleming. THE unprecedented rise in the Elk river, a brauch of the Kanawha, W. Va., has caused a loss of not less than \$100,000 in staves. bark and lumber.

GOVERNOR HOADLEY Was inaugurated quietly at Columbus, Ohio. Ar Griffin, Ga., Brewster McWilliams, sixteen years old, while laboring under a fit of mental excitement caused by recent sick-

noss, instantly killed a negrogirl of the same rge named Mattie Hood, and then deliberately shot and killed himself.

Washington.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says that Mr. Morrison, chairman of the ways and means committee, has completed his tariff bill. "It is not, as has been supposed, a bill of three thousand items. No bill of three thousan i items will be presented by Mr. Morrison to the ways and means committee, and that committee will report no such bill to the House. There is reason to believe that the bill will not be more than one hundred printed lines in length. It will propose, in short, what is known as a horizontal reduction of an average from twenty to twentyfive per cent. in the whole tariff list. It will contain beside, provisions to correct some of propose some additions to the free list."

DURING the first three months under the new tariff law the value of dutiable merchandise imported was \$133,330,848, as against \$144,012,940 during the same period in the sugar yielded \$13,557.4.8, as against \$13,407,-528, and wool \$1,429,222, as against \$800,425.

THE California congressional delegation has united with all of the Pacific coast delegation for the purpose of preparing new legislation for the restriction of Chinese emigration. It is claimed that there are many ways of evading the pre ent law.

THE United States has filed in the court of claims a counter claim against the Union Pacific Railroad company for \$8,992,647 for alleged indebtedness to the United States, including five per cent. of the earnings of the

SECRETARY CHANDLER gave a dinner to President Arthur. The other puests were the secretaries of state, war, the treasury and the in erior, the postmaster-general, the attorney-general, Speaker Carlisle, the chiefjustice, Lieutenant-General Sheritan, Admira! Porter, Vice-Admiral Rowen, Senator Edmunds, Assoc ate Justica Wylife, George Bancroft and Henry Steers.

authorized to report to the House favorable action on the bill making all pub ic roads and highways post routes, and giving the postmaster-general power to estab ish postal service whenever in his judgment, the public

welfare required it. FURTHER confirmations by the Senate: Frank H. Mason, to be United States consul at Marseilles: Samuel W. Ferguson, of Mississippi, to be a member of the Mississippi River commission, vice James B. Eads, resigned; Robert J. Stephens, to be United States consul at Palerino: George Gifford, to be United States consul at Basie; Bolivar J. Pridgen, to be United States consul at Pied-

COMMISSIONER DUDLEY divides the "pen-

sion population" of the United States into five classes, as follows: Living soldiers and sailors who have not applied for pensions, 962,201; living soldiers and sailors who have applied for rensions, 496,721; dead soldiers and sailors who left pensionable relatives who have not applied for pensions, 72,3 0; dead soldiers and saffors who left pensionable relatives who have applied for pensions, 312, 029; dead soldiers and sailors who left no

pensionable relative; 220,000. Some one has just sent a one-thousand-dollar note to the United States treasury department "conscience fund,"

Foreign,

THE French press bitterly attack Englan for abandoning the large section of country known as the Soudan to El Mahdi, the False

Two THOUSAND Aunamites attacked a French bost, which was held by fifty marines. After several hours' hard fighting the enemy retirel, with the loss of 100 in killed and wounded.

DURING a fire near Hanoi, in Tonquin, the French artillery magazine was blown up and a large quantity of shells and munitions for the Freuch fleet was destroyed. Several French art llerymen and ten auxilliaries were wounded.

SIXTY THOUSAND Italians took part in a pilgrimage to the tomb of the late King Victor Emanuel at Rome.

AURELIAN SCHOLL, a prominent Parisian journalist, and Count Albert de Dion, a gay and festive French nobleman, have fought a duel, in which the former was wounded in

Eight persons were killed or injured at a fire in the barracks of Braga, Portugal. THE French losses at the capture of Sontoy are officially stated to be four officers killed eleven seriously and eleven slightly wounded, and seventy-seven men killed and 231

GENERAL "CHINESE" GORDAN has resigned his commission in the British army and engaged with the Belgian government to sappress the slave trade on the Congo, Africa. FIFTY-SIX steamers at Marseilles, France,

were abandoned by their crews, who had gone on a strike. HUGO SCHENCKE, a resident of Vienna has confessed to havin; murdered and robbed four girls whom he had promised to marry.

He also murdered his aunt and niece, and had an accomplice, who was captured. SEVEN men were killed and twelve injured by an explosion of fire damp in a coal mine at Arras, France.

THE Viceroy of Canton has issued a proclamation calling upon the people to repel the French invaders. Catholic missionaries are being arrested in China and threatened with

The insurrection under the leadership of El Mahdi, the False Prophet, has spread from Upper Egypt to Lower Egypt, Col-onel Coetlogan, comman ler of the Khedive's forces in the city of Khartoum, was directed by the Khedive to evacuate the place. The Egyptian prime minister telegraphed from Cairo an order that all the Christian populace should leave Khartoum under a guard of troops, to prevent their being massacred. The forces of El Mahdi which were marching on Khartoum were estimated at over 70,000. Numerous Arab shelkhs have declared for El Mahdi.

FOUR THOUSAND unemployed persons held a meeting in Paris and listened to speeches favoring an armed revolution. Swine for breeding purposes imported into Canada from the United States are to

be quarantined by the Canadian authorities twenty-one days. THE steamer Huai Quen, from Shanghai for Hong Kong, has been wrecked on the Hie Shan Islands. Five natives were saved,

crew, consisting of six Europeans and 198 GERMANY and France's prohibition of American pork is causing considerable discussion in those countries, a leading German professor and a prominent French journal declaring that such prohibition is without

but nothing was known of the rest of the

reason and unnecessary. EL MAHDI's rebels in the Soudan have captured and burned the town of Helouan. CHINESE pirates made a night attack upon Namdinh. Many persons were killed and

MARY ANDERSON will go to Rome before returning home.

A MUSICAL comedy called "Fun on the Pacific," will be brought out next season. LAWRENCE BARRETT has purchased the right to a new piece, "An American Queen." MR. DAVID BELASCO is writing a new play, A CROWD of "rustlers" at Seven Rivers, which he will call "The Outcasts of New

ALICE DUNNING LINGARD will be the leading lady at the new Princess theatre, in

TEN members of Mr. McCullough's present company have been with him more than SIXTY-NINE ticket speculators have licenses

to prey upon the public in front of the New

SALVINI, the Italian tragedian, will begin a brief series of performances in Covent Garden theat:e, London, on March 1. MME. PATTI states that there is no truth in the report that she discovered a Welsh miner

on her estate with a rich baritone voice. "CLAUDIAN," the American right to which has been secure I by Henry French, seems to have made a hit in Loddon. The scenic sensation is the representation of an earth quake

FRED. WARDE will produce the new trag edy, Memnoh, by H. G. Carlton, during his Boston engagement, and will also appear in a translation of Salvini's version of The JOHN STETSON has purchased the entire

American right for the production of Gilbert and Sullivan's new opera, the Princess, and will produce it in New York, February 4. The price is said to have been \$30,000. A Young American lady, named Wheelock, who has been studying music in Paris, recently attracted the attention of the director of the Italian opera and was engaged by him for his company. She made her debut under the name of Mdlle Valda as Elvira in "Hernani." She was fairly applauded. Most of the critics say that she learned too quickly.

CRIMES AND CASUALITIES. Murders, Hangings, Suicides, Rail-

road Disasters and Losses by Fire in 1883.

According to revised statistics, the whole number of murders committed in the the crudities of the existing tarif, and will United States in 1883 was 1,697, against 1,467 in 1882, and 1,265 in 1881. The causes were as follows: Liquor, 196; jealousy, 218; self-defence, 16; quarrels, 623; insanity, 57; infanticide, 30; patricide, 7; matricide, 3; fratripreceding year. The duties collected were cide, 16; resisting arrest, 86; killed by thieves \$50,725,350, as against \$54,203,785, of which and highwaymen, 147; thieves and highwaymen killed, 80; unknown, 183; criminal outrage, 6; duels, 5; by poison, 24.

One hundred and seven hangings occurred in the United States last year, against 121 in 1882 and 90 in 1881. By States they were as follows: Illinois, 3; District of Columbia, 1; Pennsylvania, 3; Massachusetts, 1; New York, 6; Vermont, 1; New Jersey, 2; Montana, 2; Ohio, 4; Indiana, 2; California, 1; Texas, 7; Maryland, 3; Arkansas, 16; New Mexico, 2; Indian Territory, 2; Alabama 3; Georgia, 13; North Carolina, 5: South Carolina, 7; Virginia, 7; Missouri, 2; Mississippi, Florida, 1; Louisiana, 6; Tennessee, 2; Kentucky, 3. Of this number 54 were whites. 51 colored (all hanged in the South), 1 Indian.

1 Mexican and 1 Chinaman. There were 727 suicides in the United States in 1883, of which the causes were: Melancholy, 215; unknown, 128; business losses, 28; liquor, 66; insanity, 108; domestic infelicity, 72; ill-health, 46; disappointed love, 64. Railroad disasters in the United States reached the number of 775 in 1883, against AT a meeting of the House committee on 820 in 1:82, and 1.040 in 1881. The whole postoffices and postroads Mr. Money was number injured were 1,116, against 1,115 in

1882, and 527 in 1881. To al losses by fire in the United States last year were: \$41,5 4,750. Following is the loss by months: January, \$5,116,000: February, \$2,203,000; March, \$2,042,000; April, \$2,080, 000; May, \$2,661,000; June, \$2,322,000; July, \$3,901,000; August, \$4,360,000; September, \$2.600,000: October, \$3,570,000; November. \$736,000; December, \$3,853,750.

A HILARIOUS statistician of Cincinnati finds that in 1853 the telegraph reported to the papers 727 suicides in the United States, of which 215 were for melancholy, seventytwo for domestic infelicity, saty four for disappointed love, 188 for insanity and forty-

six for ill health

SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate

Mr. Miller, of New York, introduced a bill for the maintenance and support of marine hospitals....Bills were passe I for the relief of the parents of Lieutenant Schwatka and to authorize the First National bank of Fort Worth, Texas, to increase its capital stock .. Mr. Anthony offered the following reso lution, which, on the suggestion of Mr. Van Wyck, went over till the next day: "That the committee on foreign relations be instructed to inquire into the expediency of such legislation as shall enable the Executive to protect our interests against these governments which have prohibited or restrained the importation of healthful meats from the United States ".... The report of the committee on rules was further considered.

Mr. Dawes introduced a bill providing for the creation of a United States postal telegraph company under the direction of the postoffice department....Mr. Voorhees introduced a bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers. He said this bill was a copy of the one passed by Congress nine years ago, and vetoed by President Grant on the ground that it would take more money out of the treasury than the public interests would warrant. But there was so much said now about surplus revenue and abundance of money, Mr. Voorhees added, that he would re-introduce the bill. In connection with the bill he presented a resolution, which was agreed to, calling for information from the secretary of war as to the amount that would be required to equalize the bounties Consideration of the new rules was continued.

Mr. Call introduced bills to establish a university of medicine, and to provide for the establi-hment of postal savings banks....Mr. Edmunds introduce 1 a bill for the relief of the survivors of the exploring steamer Jeannette, and the widows and children of those who per she l in the retreat from the wreck....Mr. Van Wyck, from the committee on the improvement of the Misrissippi river, submitted a bill appropriating \$1,000,000 to continue the improvements already begun. It was read three times and pa sed Mr. Cullom addressed the Senate with regard to his bill to reorganize the legislative power of Utah, the Territory to be ruled by a governor and nine councilmen. The bill was discussed also by Messrs. Brown and Garland. Mr. Brown interposed constitutional objections to the bill.

The Senate proceeded to the election of a president pro tem. and Mr. Sherman moved that Senator Anthony be elected to that office. Mr. Pendleton presented the name of Senator Bayard for the office, but Mr. Anthony was elected. When invited to come forward and be sworn in, however, the Senator in a few feeling words declined the honor owing to the precarious state of his health. The question then arose as to whether the declination of Mr. Anthony retained Mr. Edmunds in that position without further action, and after some varying expressions of opinion it was decided to avoid doubt by a new election, and Mr. Edmunds was re-elected and took the oath of office. Before a vote had been taken Mr. Bayard presented the name of Senator Pendleton. The vote resulted, yeas, 24; nays, 32, Mr. Mahone voting with the Republicans. Mr. Riddleberger, being paired with Mr. Williams, of Kentucky, aid not vote ... Mr. Hill delivered a long speech in support of the postal te'egraph bill introduced by him. He ske ched the origin and progress of the postal-telegraph system of the civilized world and described the benefits which tal resulted to the people of this and other countries from every effort to cheapen and improve the means of intercommunication....Mr. Call introduced a bill to re; eal all laws and parts of laws prohibiting pensions to wounded soldiers of the United States without proof of loyalty.

House.

A resolution offered by Mr. Kasson directing the committee on foreign affairs to inquire into the facts in regard to the prohibition of the introduction of certain food products of the United States into certa n foreign countries, and report what action should be taken to secure the observance of our trea ies with such countries and protect the rights of our citizens in respect thereto, was adop-Another similar resolution offered by Mr. Deuster was referred to the committee on commerce....Mr. Slocum, from the committee on unlitary affairs, reported a bill for the relief of General itz John Porter, restoring him to his rank in the army Mr. Slocum reported from the committee on shipbuilding and shir-owning interes s the Dingley shipping bill as unanimously agreed to by the committee Upon motion of Mr. Ochiltree resolutions of respect to the memory of Herr Lasker, the German statesman who died suddenly in New York, were passe 1.... Mr. Bagley introduced a bill appropriating \$150,000 for the Bartholdi statue pedestal

Mr. King introduced a joint resolution for the appropriation of \$1.000,000, in accordance with the urgent request of the Mississippi river commission, for the improvement of that river Mr. Springer offered a resolution authorizing the committee on expenditures in the department of justice in making the investigation required by the rules to send for persons and papers. Adopted. Bills introduc d: By Mr. Ellwood-Authorizing the organization of national banking associations, with a circulating currency secured by United States gold and silver coin. By Mr. Dunham-To authorize the secretary of the treasury to issue two and a half per cent. forty year bonds. By Mr. Hitt-To place sugar and molasses on the free list. By Mr. Wood-To admit free of duty wood pulp, lumber and salt. By Mr. Clay-To repeal the civil service act. By Mr. Eldredge-Proposing a constitutional amendment for the election of United States Senators by the people. By Mr. Morgan-To abolish postage on new pa ers. By Mr. Phelps-For the erection of a public building at Paterson, N. J. By Mr. Cox-To repeal the law prohibiting ex-Confederate officers from serving in the United States army.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

Congressional Agitation on this Subject-Senator Hill's Speech.

A Washington dispatch says: Considerable interest has been shown this winter by members of both branches of Congress in regard to the estab ishment of a postal telegraph system in the United States, and sev. of Representatives. They are expected to provoke a good deal of debate later in the session, and some interesting speeches will be heard. Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, and Mr. Hill, of Colorado, each has in the Senate an elaborate bill to provide for a postal telegraph. Mr. Hill delivered to-day an earnest argument in support of the measure introduced by him. He sketched the origin and progress of the postal systems of the civilized world, showing the effect of their extension. He gave in detail the history of the consolidations of small companies with the Western Union monopoly. Other competing lines are now starting. he said, but they will be short-lived, no matter how able their promoters may be to carry them on. Where combination is possible competition is impossible, and in the nature of things capitalists will not carry their schemes beyond the point at which they become unprofitable. Frequent complaints had been made of the manner in which the telegraph business of the country was transacted by private companies, and he asserted that all who had investi, ated this subject impartially conceded that the remely must come in some form of action by the national government. In conclusion he said : "The use of the telegraph is now restricted by its cost to extraordinary communications and by its nature to messages which do not need to be in the handwriting of the sender. Under these conditions the proportion of telegrams to letters is ab ut one to thir y, but who shall say how soon some great discovery, no more wonder ul than the telephone, may enable fac simile messages to be sent instantaneously and cheaply over the wires, instead of by the slow and costly process by which they are now transmitted in Europe. If that result shall be accomplished (and it is being earnestly sought by inventors) the postoffice will be stripped or its most important business. Every letter which does not require absolute secrecy, or which can be written in c pher, will be taken from the mails and sent by e ec ricity. Drafts will be drawn and balances settled daily by telegraph, and the monopoly which shall have grown up in the control of this business will overshadow not only the postoffice department, but the government itself."

A TALC mine has been discovored at San Antonio, Lower California. This substance, of waich the ordinary soapstone is a variety, is used in giving a finish to wall and other fancy paper, and has hitherto been imported from China.

PROMINENT PEOPLE

OCHILTREE.—Congressman Tom Ochiltree is the first native Texan elected to Congress. WILDE. -Oscar Wilde is to marry Miss Constance Lloyd, the daughter of an Eng-

lish barrister, it is reported. ARNOLD. - Matthew Arnold will return from his Western lecturing tour in time to sul from New York for England, February

EL MAHDI.—The False Prophet is tall, and of a coppery red in color. He is forty years old. His tattle-cry is no protection for Christians, and no government taxes. McCrary .- Ex-Secretary McCrary bas

resigned his circuit judgeship to give his attention to the Atchison and Santa Fe Railroad company at the rate of \$35,000 a year. TAYLOR. - Judge Ezra B, Taylor, who now represents Garteld's o'd Congressional district, is a tall, slender man, with a long, sandy beard, cold gray eyes, and intellectual features. He has the reputation of being a good story-teller.

CORCORAN.-W. W. Corcoran, the Wasnington philanthropist, on his eighty-fifth birthday, received the decoration of the ancient order of Melusine, founded in 1185, by Queen Sybille, wife of King Guy de Lusignan, king of Jerusalem. It is essentially a benevolent and scientific order.

Weller, - Congressman Weller, who represents the Fourth district of Iowa, is one of the drollest characters in the House. He is universally known as "Calamity Weller," on account of the many defeats he has sustained in his political career. He was born in Connecticut and went West in 1859, and located in Iowa, where he tilled the soil in the daytime and studied law, politics and religion at night. He was elected as a Greenbacker. GORDON.-General Charles Gordan, gen

erally known as "Chinese Gordon," was only thirty years old when placed in command of a division of the Chinese army. He always went unarmed in battle, even when foremost in the breach, directing his troops by waving a little cane. As he was uniformly victorious in his engagements, his Chinese soldiers considered the cane to be a magic wand which insured his protection and their triumph.

KRUPP.-Herr Krupp, the great German gunmaker, whose works are said to have turned out 20,000 cannons, is described as a tall and rather stern-looking man, with sloping shoulders, a long neck, and full white beard. He is delicate, nervous, and intellectual, and looks like a clergyman. His only son and heir, Fritz Krupp, who will succeed to an estate value 1 at \$40,000,000, is an inventor of considerable ability, and is thoroughly familiar with his father's business.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

How Some of the Surplus Money May be Dispos d of. Congressmen do not propose to allow the surplus to accumulate, if their suggestions as to the erection of public buildings shall be regarded, says a Washington dispatch. Senator Hill, of Colora lo, recommends that the government build a public building for it offices in every city which has more than 1,000 inhabitants, and claims that rent to the amount of \$1,000,000 annually would be aved by such an investment. Meanwhile, bills have been introduced in the two houses for the erection of twenty-three public buildings in different places, to cost in the aggregate over \$4.000,000. The following is a list

of them:	The following	15 & 118
Congressional library	building	\$500,00
Springfield, Ill,		26,00
Pittsburgh, Fa		1,500,00
Erie, Pa		300,000
Erie, Pa Richmond, Va		100,000
Mempais, Tenn		50,00
Providence, R. I		125,00
Columbus, Ohio		400,000
Guma, Arizona		20,00
Deadwood		60,000
Galveston, Texas		40,000
Chevenne		50,0
Duluth, Minn		100,00
Duluth, Minn Clarksburg, W. V		50,00
Oshkosh, Wis		100,00
Reading, Pa		80,00
Lancaster, Pa		75,00
Chattanooga, L		100,00
Manchester, N. H		350,00
Greenville, S. C		50,00
Houlton, Me		50,00
Camden, N. J		75,000
Lima, Ohio		150,00
Asheville, N. C		75,00
Wilmington, N. C		109,00
Charlotte, N. C		100,00
Tyler, Texas		75,00
Brownville, Texas		100,03
Waco, Texas		60,00
		

FOURTEEN LIVES LOST.

Shipwreck of a Vessel on the New Jersey Coast.

The bodies of Captain Thompson, his wife, and five of the crew of the bark Elmira were washed ashore on the barren reef which stretches from Life-Saving Station No. 18 to 21, on the New Jersey coast. The crew of station 2) heard the bark's guns ear.y in the morning. A few moments later the vessel struck the reef head on. Six or seven attempts were made to shoot a life-line to the sinking ship, but before the line could be made fast the sea, which was running mountain high, threw the vessel broadside on the

It was but a few moments' work of the breakers to crush her in thou ands of pieces, and all on board-eleven scamen and the wife and child of the captain-were plainly visible to the horror-stricken coast guardsmen before the sea swallowed them Fragments of the wreck were swept over the bar into Egg Harbor Inlet and littered the coast for a distance of fifteen miles.

INFECTED CATTLE.

Report of the Commission-Its Rec-

ommendations. Judge French, assistant secretary of the reasury, has transmitted to the House the report of the cattle commission. The commission recommends that the national government shall prevent the shipment northward out of the area infected with Texas fever of all cattle whatever, excepting from the beginning of November to the begineral bills providing for such systems have all ning of March. Atte tion is invited by ready been introduced in the Senate and House | the assistant secretary to the recommendation of the commission, that the secretary of the treasury shall be empowered to order the slaughter and safe disposal of all imported herds that may be found to be infected on arrival in the United States, or that may develop a dangerous contagious disease during a quarantine; that he be also empowered to have all ruminants (other than cattle) and all swine imported into the United States subjected to inspection by veterinary surgeons, and, if necessary to prevent the spread of contagious disease, slaughtered or submitted to quarantine until they shall be considered disinfected; and that an appropriation of \$1,500, 000 snall be made to defray the expense of preventing a further spread of the lung plague among cattle in this country, and of stamping out the plaque now existing.

NEWSY NOTES.

FLORIDA strawberries are held at \$5 a quart in New York. THE output of silver at Leadville, Col., the past year was \$18,000,000.

THE free schools of Texas have a fund of \$3,287,000 and 33,000,000 acres of land. Colorado rauchmen own nearly 1,000,000 sheep and half as many head of cattle. THE New York elevated railroads carried more than 82,000,000 passengers in 1883. TWENTY young lades belonging to one

Philadelphia church have been married this winter. THE Florida sponge crop now amounts to about one hundred and sixty thousand dol-It is estimated that gold and silver was

mined in 1882 about as in 1883, when \$32,-500,000 gold and \$46,800,000 silver were taken from the earth THE coppor product of 1883 was 116,000,-000 pounds, a ainst 91,000,000 pounds in 1882,

but the value was only \$17,000,000 against \$16,000,000 last year. THE official report of the committee appointed to investigate the carthquake on the island of Ischia fixes the number of persons killed at 2,313, and of the seriously wounded

What is it has a mouth and never speakes, and a bed and never sleeps? A river.

The Realities of Wedded Life.

There comes the inevitable day when the newly married pair awaken from their love-dream and endeavor to settle down to the realities of life. The habits, the manners, and the tempers are things that neither knows anything about in the other, and that which was long concealed in an engagement for months is quickly revealed in the close relationship of married life. Some little habit that the bachelor or maiden has formed rasps to rawness the nerves of the other, and the determinations on either side to break the other of the fault only chafes and frets both without attaining the object. He thinks that home life should fill their every thought. She thinks a little society and gayety would be preferable. He is tired when he comes home at night, tired of seeing people, tired of talking to them; he has been in a whirl all day. She has moped by herself through the same long hours in the "love of a cottage" that seemed so poetical to talk about, or has spent a dreary time, solitary and alone, through a cheerless winter day in her room at their board-

ing-house, and is only kept from downright rebellion by the thought that when "Charlie" comes home they will go to the theatre, or go to see "ma." Then there is disappointment on both sides. She thinks he is "real mean" because he does not indorse her plans, and he thinks she is downright'silly to leave such a cosy fireside and such a comfortable little home place for any other spot on earth. He is perfectly satisfied, and wonders that she is not so. She has always found her "I wills" and "I wont's" the law and the gospel, and ten chances to one Charlie yields to her imperial highness, and is forever after a hen-pecked husband. But if that same Charlie is wise, and can convince his "little wife" without wounding her, he has forever won, not only her heart, but her judgment; and she looks up to and respects him for his firmness. It is very seldom the torily, yet I felt that I might some case that the first months of married day be overtaken with some serious proslife are the happiest, and it takes a big I felt dull and then, again, shooting pains stock of love and good sense to launch | through my arms and limbs. Possibly the a couple over the breakers into a next day I would feel fushed and unaccountsmooth, open, matrimonial sea. The faults that are discovered the week faults that are discovered, the weak- cember, when I was prostrated soon after nesses that are shown, the foibles that | leaving are betrayed, can only be met with for- of the voyage was a helples, pitiful sufferer. bearance, if a pair hope for a blissful future; then every after year confirms | me to try a new course of a treatment. their oneness of heart, of sympathy gladly accepted his counsel, and for the last and of purpose, and any couple of this kind long married will tell you they are happier after all those years than they were the day they were married.

-Waverly Magazine.

Gone Never to Return. GARDINER, ME .- ofr. Daniel Gray, a prominent lumber merchant, writes that his wife had severe rheumatic pains; so severe as to render her unable to sleep. From the first application of the famous German Remedy, St. Jacobs Oil, she experienced unspeakable relief, and in two hours the pain had entirely gone.

Turning to the Right,

The origin of this custom is given as follows: Our ancestors drove oxen as a usual thing. In driving an ox team the driver walks on the left of the team, so that he can handle the goad or whip with his right hand. In meeting a wagon each driver would turn to the right, so that he could be between his own oxen and those of the other wagon.

Prince Bismarck's son, now in the Legation in London, receives great attention from the highest English society.

James Wintersmith, the door-keeper of the present House at Washington, is the son of a famous Kentucky wag.

Consumption in its early stages is readily cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," though, if the lungs are wasted no medicine will effect a cure. No known remedy possesses such soothing and healing influence over all scrofulous, tuberculous and pulmonary affections as the "Discovery." John Willis, of Elyria, Ohio, writes: "The 'Golden Medical Discovery' does positively cure consumption, as, after trying every other medicine in vain, this succeeded." Mr. Z. T. Phelps, of Cuthbert, Ga., writes: "The 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured my wife of bronchitis and incipient consumption." Sold by druggists.

Centerbrook, Conn., is said to have the largest ivory factory in the wold.

Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" is a most powerful restorative tonic, also combining the most valuable nervine properties. especially adapted to the wants of debilitated ladies suffering from weak back, inward fever, congestion, inflammation, or ulceration, or from nervousness or neuralgic pains. By

A new woollen mill is being built near Cartersville, Ga., to cost \$100,000.

Dyspepsia, liver complaint, and kindred affections. For treatise giving successful self-treatment, address WORLD's DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

The California oil wells yielded 5,000,000 gallons of oil last year.

For burns, scalds, bruises, chapped hands. sores or piles, use St. Patrick's Salva. Frazer Axle Grease.

first medal at the Centennial and Paris ex positions. Sold everywhere. Mr. S. Roehsler, 266 Court St., Brooklyn, ays: "I had suffered for years; paid over (0) for doctors and medicines, without Ip to my terrible sciatica, after which nine

The ancients were acquainted with the virtues of Petroleum. Herodotus refers to it and speaks of we'ls being found in Zante. Nowadays everybody has heard of it through Carboline, the great natural Hair Restorer.

Sewing-Machine Industry.

daily. Mr. H. S. FULLER, with the New Home

Machine Company, of Orange, Mass., writes,

These remarkable items pour into our office

ottles of Dr. Elmore's R.-G. cured me.

May 23, 1883: "I have used Hunt's Remedy in my family for over ten years. My wife was troubled with catarrh of the bladder, suffered intense pain in the kidneys and loins, and urination was accomplished with the greatest of agony. My friends thought that she could not recover. We tried doctors and medicine, and although better at times she would grow worse again. She was obliged to use the urinal as many as fifteen times in a night, and was growing worse daily. At this time my attention was called to Hunt's Remedy, and I concluded to try it; and after using one bottle she was a good deal better, the inflammation was reduced, and the water more natural. She began to gain in appetite and fe't no pain in the back and kidneys. She could attend to her household work without pain, and this had been a great burden to do, even the lightest kind of work. After using six bottles she was completely cured. Since then I have had occasion to use Hunt's Remedy for kidney and liver complaints, and found it to be just as represented. and I consider it a most wonderf il medicine. I would not be without Hunt's Remedy in my family; and I have recommended it to my friends here in Orange with equally good results."

A MYSTERY OF THE SEA.

The Fate Which Overtook the "City of Beston"-Captain Murray's Ideas and Experiences.

A few years are, the City of Boston sailed from harbor, crowded with an expectant throng of passengers bound for a foreign

She never entered port. The mystery of her untimely end grows deeper as the years increase, and the Atlantic voyager, when the flerce winds howl around and danger is imminent on every hand, shudders as the name an I mysterious fate of that magnificent vessel are alluded to. Our reporter, on a recent visit to New York, took lunch with Captain George Sid-MILLIONS DURING 35 TRABS!

dons Murray, on beard the Alaska, of the Guien line. Captain Murray is a man of stalwart build, well-knit frame and cheery, genial disposition. He has been a constant voyager for a quarter of a century, over half of that time baving by n in the trans-Atlantic service. In the course of the conversation over the well-spread table, the mystery of

the City of Boston was alluded to. "Yes," remarked the captain, "I shall never forget the last night we saw that illfated vessel. I wa chief efficer of the City of Antwerp. On the day we sighted the City of Bos on a furious southeast hurricane set in. Both vessels labored hard. The sea seemed determined to sweep away every vestige of life. When day ended the gale did not abate, and everything was lasted for a night of unusual fury. Our good ship was turned to the south to avoid the possibility of icebergs. The City of Boston, however, undoubtedly went to the north. Her boats, life-preservers and rafts were all securely lashed; and when she went down, everything went with her, never to re-

appear until the sea gives up its dead." "What, in your opinion, captain, was the cause of the loss of the City of Boston?" "The City of Limerick, in almost precisely the same latitude, a few cays later, found the sea full of hoating ice; and I have no doubt the City of Boston collided with the ice, and

snnk immediately." Captain Murray has been in command of the Alaska ever since she was jut in commission, and feels justly proud of his noble ship. She carries thousands of passengers every year, and has greatly popularized the Williams & Guion line. Remarking upon the bronzed and healthy appearance of the captain, the reperter said that sea life did not seem to be a very great physical trial.

"No? But a person's appearance is not always a trustwortny indication of his physical condition. For seven years I have been in many respects very much out of sorts with myself. At certain times I was so lame that it was difficult for me to move around. I cou'd scarcely straighten up. I did not know what the trouble was, and though I performed all my duties regularly and satisfactrating disorder. These troubles is ereased. In January last, a friend who made that voyage with me, wrote me a letter, urging seven months have given the rough and business-like attention to the recovery of my natural health; and to-day, I have the proudsatisfaction of saying to you that the lame ta k, isfaction of saying ta k which have so long I ursued me, have entirely disappeared through the blood purifying influence of Warner's Safe Rheumatic Cure which entirely eradicated all rheumatic poison from my system. Indeed, to me, it seems tightness across the chest which accompany that it has worked wonders, and I therefore HALL'S HALSADE will care you, even

most cord:ally commend it." "And you have no trouble now in exposing yourself to the winds of the Atlantic P "Not the least. I am as sound as a bullet and I feel specially thankful over the fact because I believe rheumatic and kidney discase is in the blood of my family. I was drea fully shocked on my last arrival in Liverpool to learn that my brother, who is a weathy China tea merchant, had suddenly died of Bright's disease of the kidneys, and consider myself extremely fortunate in Laving taken my trouble in time and before any more serious effects were possible."

The conversation drifted to other topics, and as the writer watched the face before him, so strong in all its outlines and yet so genial, and thought of the innumerable exposures and hardships to which its owner had been exposed, he instinctively wished all who are suffering from the terrible rheumatic troubles now so common might know of cap-Murray's experience and the means by which he had been restored. Fain is a common thing in this world, but far too many endure it when they might just as well avoid it. It is a false philosophy which teaches use to endure when we can just as readily avoid. So thought the hearty captain of the Alaska, so thinks the writer and so shuld all others think who desire happiness and a long life.

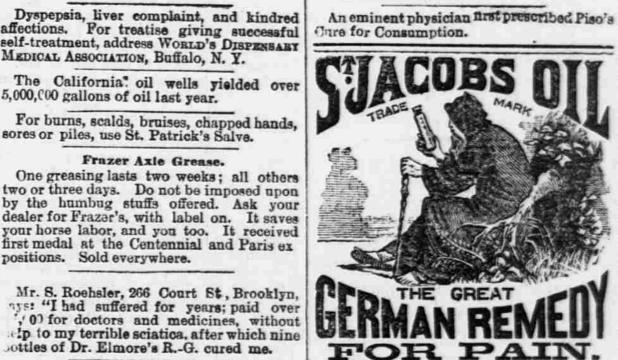
Prevent crooked boots and blistered heel by wearing Lyon's Patent Heel Stiffeners. Wakefulness at night is a terror, Samaratin Nervine cures it, and hence is a blessing.

J. W. Thornton, of Claiborn, Miss., says: Samaratin Nervine cured my son of fits." FOR DYSPERSIA, INDIGESTION, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms : also as a preventive against fever and ague and other intermittent fevers, the "Ferro-Phosphorsted Elixir of Calisaya," made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Drugcists, is the best tonic; and for patients recoverng from fever or other sickness it has no equal.

Try Dr. Sanford's Liver Invigorator and be convinced, it can cure all billious disorders.

An Undoubted Blessing. About thirty years ago a prominent physician by the name of Dr. William Hall dis" covered, or produced after long experimental research, a remedy for diseases of the throat, chest and lungs, which was of such wonderful efficacy that it soon gained a wide reputation in this country. The name of the medicine is Dr. Wm. Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, and may be safely relied on as a speedy and positive cure for coughs,

colds, sore throat, etc.



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When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESSA life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have fulled is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at case for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you.

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tonic, appetiz - retinulant. Samuelten Nero-13 Thousands rociain it the most wonderful luvigorant that eversustained a sinking system. \$1.50 at Druggs The DR. S. A. RICHMOND MEDICAL CO., Sole Pro- [GOROS ERO] priators, St. Joseph, Mo. Chas. N. Crittenton, Agent, New York. (3)

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